

# Lavanda

Exercise with Attribute Grammar and its implementation in Lex/Yacc

May 2, 2006

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# Chapter 1

## Problem

Lavanda is a Domain Specific Language (*DSL*) which main goal is describe the bags of clothes that Point of Gathering of a Laundry daily send to the Center to wash. Each bag has a identification number, the client name and its content is divided in one or more items. Each item have one or more clothe type (personal clothe or *household linen*), tinged type (white or color) and line type (cotton, wool and fiber). For each one of this items we keep in register the number of pieces that belongs to that item. The Independent Context Grammar  $G$ , mentioned below, defines the language Lavanda intended. The root is **Lavanda**, the terminal symbols are written in lowercase (pseudo-terminais), or uppercase (reserved-words), ou between apostrophes (sinais de pontuação) and null string  $\emptyset$  noted by  $\&$ ; the remaining symbols are Non-Terminals.

```
p1: Lavanda --> Cabec Sacos
p2: Cabec --> data IdPR
p3: Sacos --> Saco '.'
p4:           | Sacos Saco '..'
p5: Saco --> num IdCli Lotes
p6: Lotes --> Lote Outros
p7: Lote --> Tipo Qt
p8: Tipo --> Classe Tinto Fio
p9: Outros --> &
p10:          | ';' Lotes
p11: IdPR --> id
p12: IdCli --> id
p13: Qt --> num
p14,15: Classe --> corpo | casa
p16,17: Tinto --> br | cor
p18,19,20: Fio --> alg | la | fib
```

After transform  $G$  in a independent context abstract grammar (you can reduce some productions that seems redundant), writte a **Attribute Grammar** for:

- compute (and print) total of bags sended and total of items of each cliente.
- compute (and print) total of pieces of each 12 items types (since 'body/br/alg' until 'house/cor/fib') sended to wash at laundry.
- compute total cost of each bag; suppose initially is given a table with prices of each item type.

The grammar should detect error situations: the identification number of bag is duplicated and should flag an error allways show up a bag for a client already finded.

# Chapter 2

## Attribute Grammar - Solution

The first step is write the abstract grammar.

To do that we eliminate all terminals without semantic charge (reserved words and signs). The grammar will be simplified by eliminating productions without alternatives that in right side just show up one terminal — in this case: p11, p12, p13.

```
p1a: Lavanda --> Cabec Sacos
p2a: Cabec --> data id
p3a: Sacos --> Saco
p4a:           | Sacos Saco
p5a: Saco --> num id Lotes
p6a: Lotes --> Lote Outros
p7a: Lote --> Tipo num
p8a: Tipo --> Classe Tinto Fio
p9a: Outros --> &
p10a:          | Lotes
p11a: Classe --> corpo
p12a:          | casa
p13a: Tinto --> br
p14a:          | cor
p15a: Fio --> alg
p16a:          | la
p17a:          | fib
```

The next step is choose the attributes.

- For first item, we will need two synthesized attributes: **nSacos**: int associated at axiom **Lavanda** and **nLotes**: int associated at symbol **Saco**.  
To compute each one will be necessary associate: **nSacos**: int at symbol **Sacos** and **nLotes**: int at symbol **Lotes** and at symbol **Outros**.

The computation and translate rules are:

```
p1a: Lavanda --> Cabec Sacos
      -- Lavanda.nSacos = Sacos.nSacos
      -- escreve( Lavanda.nSacos )
p3a: Sacos --> Saco
      -- Sacos.nSacos = 1
p4a:           | Sacos Saco
```

```

        -- Sacos0.nSacos = Sacos1.nSacos + 1
p5a: Saco    --> num id Lotes
        -- Saco.nLotes = Lotes.nLotes
        -- escreve( Saco.nLotes )
p6a: Lotes   --> Lote Outros
        -- Lotes.nLotes = Outros.nLotes + 1
p9a: Outros  --> &
        -- Outros.nLotes = 0
p10a:           | Lotes
        -- Outros.nLotes = Lotes.nLotes

```

- To this item will be needed 3 attributes:

1. inEnv: HashTable — Saco, Lotes and Lote;
2. outEnv: HashTable — Lavanda, Sacos, Saco, Lotes, Lote and Outros;
3. name: string — Tipo, Classe, Tinto and Fio.

The computation and translate rules are:

```

p1a: Lavanda --> Cabec Sacos
        -- escreveT( Sacos.outEnv )
p3a: Sacos   --> Saco
        -- Saco.inEnv = Sacos.inEnv
        -- Sacos.outEnv = Saco.outEnv
p4a:           | Sacos Saco
-- Saco.inEnv = Sacos1.outEnv
        -- Sacos1.inEnv = Sacos0.inEnv
        -- Sacos0.outEnv = Saco.outEnv
p5a: Saco    --> num id Lotes
        -- Lotes.inEnv = Saco.inEnv
        -- Saco.outEnv = Lotes.outEnv
p6a: Lotes   --> Lote Outros
        -- Lote.inEnv = Lotes.inEnv
-- Outros.inEnv = Lote.outEnv
-- Lotes.outEnv = Outros.outEnv
p7a: Lote    --> Tipo num
        -- Lote.outEnv = updateTablePrice(Lote.inEnv, Tipo.name, num)
p8a: Tipo    --> Classe Tinto Fio
        -- Tipo.name = Classe.name + Tinto.name + Fio.name
p9a: Outros  --> &
        -- Outros.outEnv = Outros.inEv;
p10a:          | Lotes
        -- Lotes.inEnv = Outros.inEnv;
        -- Outros.outEnv = Lotes.outEnv;
p11a: Classe --> corpo
-- Classe.name = "corpo"
p12a: Classe --> casa
-- Classe.name = "casa"
p13a: Tinto  --> br
-- Tinto.name = "br"
p14a: Tinto  --> cor
-- Tinto.name = "cor"
p15a: Fio   --> alg

```

```

-- Fio.name = "alg"
p16a: Fio --> la
-- Fio.name = "la"
p17a: Fio --> fib
-- Fio.name = "fib"

```

- To this item will be needed 5 attributes:

1. **inTable**: HashTable — Sacos, Saco, Lotes, Lote and Outros;  
Price table (inherited attribute).
2. **inIds**: Vector — Sacos and Saco;  
Clients identifiers (Array — inherited attribute).
3. **outIds**: Vector — Sacos and Saco;  
Clients identifiers (Array — synthesized attribute).
4. **custoTotal**: int — Saco, Lotes, Lote and Outros;  
Cost of each bag (synthesized attribute).
5. **name**: string — Tipo, Classe, Tinto and Fio. Name of each attribute associated at Tipo  
(synthesized attribute).

The computation and translate rules are:

```

p1a : Lavanda -> Cabec Sacos
      -- Sacos.inTable = initTable()
-- Sacos.inIds  = initIds()
p3a: Sacos --> Saco
      -- Saco.inTable = Sacos.inTable
      -- Saco.inIds = Sacos.inIds
      -- Sacos.outIds = Saco.outIds
-- escrevePreco( Saco.custoTotal )
p4a:           | Sacos Saco
-- Saco.inTable = Sacos0.inTable
      -- Sacos1.inEnv = Sacos0.inEnv
-- Saco.inIds = Sacos1.outIds
-- Sacos1.inIds = Sacos0.inIds
-- Sacos0.outIds = Saco.outIds
-- escrevePreco( Saco.custoTotal )
p5a: Saco --> num id Lotes
-- Saco.outEnv = novoId( Saco.inIds, num.value() )
-- if ( pertence( num, Saco.inIds ) )
      -- erro("Cliente ja existente!")
      -- Lotes.inTable = Saco.inTable
-- Saco.custoTotal = Lotes.custoTotal
p6a: Lotes --> Lote Outros
      -- Lote.inTable = Lotes.inTable
      -- Outros.inTable = Lotes.inTable
      -- Lotes.custoTotal = Lote.custoTotal + Outros.custoTotal
p7a: Lote --> Tipo num
      -- Lote.custoTotal = lookupPreco( Lote.inEnv, Tipo.name ) * num.value()
p8a: Tipo --> Classe Tinto Fio
      -- Tipo.name = Classe.name + Tinto.name + Fio.name
p9a: Outros --> &
      -- Outros.custoTotal = 0
p10a:          | Lotes

```

```
-- Outros.custoTotal = Lotes.custoTotal
p11a: Classe --> corpo
-- Classe.name = "corpo"
p12a: Classe --> casa
-- Classe.name = "casa"
p13a: Tinto --> br
-- Tinto.name = "br"
p14a: Tinto --> cor
-- Tinto.name = "cor"
p15a: Fio --> alg
-- Fio.name = "alg"
p16a: Fio --> la
-- Fio.name = "la"
p17a: Fio --> fib
-- Fio.name = "fib"
```

# Chapter 3

## Lex/Yacc implementation

### 3.1 Lex

"Lavanda.l" 7 ≡

```
%{  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <string.h>  
#include "y.tab.h"  
%}  
  
digit [0-9]  
day [0-3]?{digit}  
month [0-1]?{digit}  
year [0-2]{digit}{digit}{digit}  
sep [//|-]  
data {day}{sep}{month}{sep}{year}  
  
%%  
  
{digit}* { yyval.number=atoi(yytext); return NUMBER; }  
{data} { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return DATA; }  
"alg" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return ALG; }  
"br" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return BR; }  
"cor" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return COR; }  
"casa" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return CASA; }  
"corpo" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return CORPO; }  
"fib" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return FIB; }  
"la" { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return LA; }  
[a-z]+ { yyval.string=strdup(yytext); return IDENT; }  
[\n\t\f] { /* white space is skipped */ }  
[-.,()?] { return yytext[0]; }  
. ;  
  
%%  
  
int yywrap() { return 1; }
```

◊

## 3.2 Yacc

"Lavanda.y" 8 ≡

```
%{
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "hashtable.c"
#include "list.c"

HashTable nLotes[TABSIZE], tablePrice[TABSIZE];
List idSacos;
float custoTotal = 0;

%}

%union
{
    int number;
    char *string;
}

%token <number> NUMBER
%token <string> IDENT DATA CORPO CASA COR BR LA FIB ALG

%type <number> Sacos Saco Lotes Outros
%type <string> Tipo Classe Tinto Fio

%start Lavanda

%%

Lavanda:
    Cabec Sacos      { printf("\nTabela Lotes:\n");
                        printHashTable(nLotes);
                        printf("\nTotal Sacos: %d\n", $2);
                        exit(0);
    }
    ;

Cabec:
    DATA IDENT
    ;
    ;

Sacos:
    Saco '.'

| Sacos Saco '.'
    { $$ = 1;
    | $$ = $1 + 1;
    }

;

◊
```

File defined by 8, 9, 10.

```
Saco:  
    NUMBER IDENT '(' ' Lotes ')' { if (searchList(idSacos,$1)==0) {  
        printf("Saco repetido!\n");  
        exit(0);  
    }  
    idSacos = insertList(idSacos,$1);  
    printf("\nSaco n. %d tem --> %d lotes!\n", $1, $4);  
    printf("Custo total do saco: %.2f.\n", custoTotal);  
    custoTotal = 0; }  
;  
  
Lotes:  
    Lote Outros { $$ = $2 + 1; }  
;  
  
Lote:  
    Tipo NUMBER { updateTableNLotes(nLotes,$1,$2);  
        custoTotal += searchHashTable(tablePrice,$1)*$2;  
    }  
;  
  
Outros: { $$ = 0; }  
| ' ; ' Lotes { $$ = $2; }  
;  
  
Tipo:  
Classe '-' Tinto '-' Fio { char *aux = strcat($1,"-");  
    aux = strcat(aux, $3);  
    aux = strcat(aux,"-");  
    $$ = strcat(aux,$5); }  
;  
Classe:  
    CORPO { $$ = $1; }  
| CASA { $$ = $1; }  
;  
Tinto:  
    BR { $$ = $1; }  
| COR { $$ = $1; }  
;  
Fio:  
    ALG { $$ = $1; }  
| FIB { $$ = $1; }  
| LA { $$ = $1; }  
;  
%%
```

◊  
File defined by 8, 9, 10.

"Lavanda.y" 10 ≡

```
void initNLotes(HashTable env[])
{
    newHashTable(env);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-br-la", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-br-alg", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-br-fib", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-cor-la", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-cor-alg", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-cor-fib", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-br-la", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-br-alg", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-br-fib", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-cor-la", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-cor-alg", 0);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-cor-fib", 0);
}

void initTablePrice(HashTable env[])
{
    newHashTable(env);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-br-la", 1.0);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-br-alg", 2.2);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-br-fib", 3.4);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-cor-la", 4.5);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-cor-alg", 3.7);
    insertHashTable(env, "corpo-cor-fib", 1.9);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-br-la", 2.6);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-br-alg", 5.3);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-br-fib", 7.1);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-cor-la", 3.5);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-cor-alg", 2.5);
    insertHashTable(env, "casa-cor-fib", 2.3);
}

int yyerror(char* error) {
    fprintf(stdout, "Error: %s\n", error);
    return 0;
}

int main() {
    initNLotes();
    initTablePrice(tablePrice);
    idSacos = createList();
    return yyparse();
}
```

}

◊

File defined by 8, 9, 10.

# Chapter 4

## Example test

"Test.txt" 11 ≡

```
10-11-2005 today 1 dani  (corpo-cor-la 1 , casa-cor-alg 2)
                  2 pedro  (casa-br-fib 4)
                  3 celina (corpo-cor-alg 2, corpo-cor-la 3, corpo-cor-fib 1,
                                casa-cor-alg 2, casa-cor-la 3, casa-cor-fib 1)
```

◊

# Chapter 5

## Results

```
[_localhost_Lavanda]# ./parser < test1.test
```

```
Saco n. 1 tem --> 2 lotes!  
Custo total do saco: 9.50.
```

```
Saco n. 2 tem --> 1 lotes!  
Custo total do saco: 28.40.
```

```
Saco n. 3 tem --> 6 lotes!  
Custo total do saco: 40.60.
```

Tabela Lotes:

```
casa-br-la 0  
casa-br-fib 0  
casa-br-alg 0  
casa-cor-la 3  
corpo-br-la 0  
casa-cor-fib 1  
casa-cor-alg 4  
corpo-br-fib 4  
corpo-br-alg 0  
corpo-cor-la 4  
corpo-cor-fib 1  
corpo-cor-alg 2
```

Total Sacos: 3

# Chapter 6

## Files

"**Lavanda.1**" Defined by 7.

"**Lavanda.y**" Defined by 8, 9, 10.

"**Test.txt**" Defined by 11.